

Western Carolinian.

It is even of a state from law, which, however wise and good in themselves, have the semblance of inequality, which and so response in the heart of the citizen, and which will be evaded with little remorse. The wisdom of legislation is especially such in making laws on conscience.

Dr. Channing.

SALISBURY, ROWAN COUNTY, N. C. MONDAY, JULY 11, 1831.

[VOL. XII. NO. 79.]

By authority.



Act passed at the Second Session of the twenty first Congress of the United States.

PUBLIC—NO. 24.

An ACT to authorize the transportation of Merchandise by land or by water with the benefit of debenture.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act, all goods, wares, or merchandise imported into the United States, the duties on which have been paid, or secured to be paid, may be transported by land, or partly by land, and partly by water, from the district into which they were imported to two other districts, and exported from either of them with the benefit of drawback: Provided, That all regulations and formalities now in force, relating to the transportation of goods, wares, or merchandise, by land or by water, from the district into which they were imported to another district, for the benefit of drawback, and such other regulations as are prescribed under and by virtue of the act to which this is an addition, for the further transportation of such goods, wares, or merchandise, to other districts, shall be complied with: And provided, also, That all the regulations and formalities now in force, respecting the exportation of goods, wares, and merchandise, for the benefit of drawback, shall be complied with, so far as may be consistent with the other provisions of the act to which this is an addition; and the Secretary of the Treasury shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to prescribe the form of the certificate to be used, and the oaths to be taken, on the transportation of such goods, wares or merchandise from the second district into which they may be so brought, to the third district.

A. STEPHENSON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives,

J. C. CALHOUN,

Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate.

Approved, February 19, 1831.

ANDREW JACKSON.

PUBLIC—NO. 25.

An ACT making appropriations for certain fortifications during the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any unappropriated money in the Treasury for certain fortifications, viz:

For the preservation of George's Island, Boston harbor, five thousand dollars.

For fort Adams, Rhode Island, one hundred thousand dollars.

For the completion of fort Hamilton, New York, ten thousand dollars.

For repairing fort Columbus and castle Williams, New York, twenty five thousand dollars.

For fort Monroe, Virginia, eighty thousand dollars.

For fort Calhoun, Virginia, eighty thousand dollars.

For the completion of fort Mifflin, seventy thousand dollars.

For the completion of the fort on Oak Island, North Carolina, ninety five thousand dollars.

For fortifications at Charleston, South Carolina, forty five thousand dollars.

For fortifications at Pensacola, Florida, one hundred thousand dollars.

For a fort at Mobile point, ninety thousand dollars.

For repairs of the battery at Bienville, Louisiana, three thousand four hundred dollars.

For repairs of fort Wood, Louisiana, three thousand six hundred dollars.

For contingencies of fortifications, ten thousand dollars.

Approved, March 2, 1831.

PUBLIC—NO. 26.

An ACT to provide hereafter for the payment of six thousand dollars annually to the Seneca Indians, and for other purposes.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proceeds of the sum of one hundred thousand dollars,

being the amount placed in the hands of the President of the United States, in trust for the Seneca tribe of Indians, situated in the State of New York, be hereafter passed to the credit of the Indian appropriation fund: and that the Secretary of War be authorized to receive and pay over to the Seneca tribe of Indians, the sum of six thousand dollars, annually, in way and manner as heretofore practiced, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of War be authorized to receive and pay over to the Seneca tribe of Indians, the sum of two thousand six hundred and fourteen dollars and forty cents, out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, on account of the deficiency, by that amount, in the sum paid over to said Indians the last year.

Approved, February 19, 1831.

PUBLIC—NO. 27.

An ACT to establish a Land Office in the Territory of Michigan, and for other purposes.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all the lands to which the Indian title has been extinguished, lying west of the meridian line in the Territory of Michigan, shall constitute a new land district; and, for the sale of the public lands within the said district, there shall be a Land Office established at such place within the district as the President of the United States may designate, who is hereby authorized to change the location of such office, whenever, in his opinion, the public interests may require it.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Land Office now established at Monroe, shall be removed to the place designated for the location of this office, and the Register and Receiver of the Monroe Land Office, shall superintend the sales of public lands within said district, who shall give security in the same manner, in the same sums, and whose compensation, emoluments, duties, and authorities, shall, in every respect, be the same in relation to the lands which shall be disposed of at their office, as are or may be by law provided, in relation to the Registers and Receivers of Public Money in the several offices established for the sale of public lands.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all the lands lying east of the Meridian line in the Territory aforesaid, which are not now embraced in the district of Detroit, be, and they are hereby, attached thereto; and it shall be the duty of the Register and Receiver of the Land Office in said district to deposit in the Land Office at Detroit all the records, books and papers, surveys, &c. which pertain to said Land Office at Monroe, which shall be kept by the Register and Receiver of the Land Office at Detroit, as a part of the records of said office.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all such public lands as shall have been offered for sale to the highest bidder at Monroe or Detroit, pursuant to any proclamation of the President of the United States, and which are embraced within the provisions of this act, shall be subject to be entered and sold at private sale, by the Registers of the Land Offices to which they are hereby attached; and all provisions of law applicable to the public lands, to which this act applies, shall continue in full force and effect.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That so much of the State of Illinois as lies between the Illinois and Mississippi rivers, bounded on the south by the base line, on the north by the northern boundary of that State, and on the extreme east by the third principal Meridian, be formed into a separate land district, the offices for which to be located where it will best accommodate purchasers and others by the President; and a Register and Receiver shall be appointed at such time as the President of the United States shall deem proper.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That another district be also formed in that State, on the north of the dividing line between townships and sixteen and seventeen north of the base line, and east of the third principal Meridian, including all that part of the State to its northern boundary, the offices for which to be located by the President, where the public interest and the convenience of purchasers may require; and a Register and Receiver shall be appointed at such time as the President of the United States shall deem proper.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the Registers and Receivers shall reside, respectively, at the places where the Land Offices are located, give security in the same manner, in the same sums, and whose compensation, emoluments, and duties, and authority, in every respect,

be the same, in relation to the lands which shall be disposed of at their office, as may be by law provided in relation to the Registers and Receivers of Public Money in the several offices established for the disposal of the lands of the United States north-west of the river Ohio.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the said lands shall be disposed of in the same manner, and on the same terms and conditions, as are or may be provided by law for the sale of other lands of the United States: Provided, That no tracts of land excepted from sales by virtue of any former acts, shall be sold by virtue of this act.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That all the lands to which the Indian title is extinguished, lying in that part of the State of Indiana which is east of the Lake Michigan, bordering upon the northern line of said State, and not attached to any land district, shall be, and the same are hereby, attached to the Fort-Wayne District.

Approved, February 19, 1831.

PUBLIC—NO. 28.

An ACT respecting the jurisdiction of certain District Courts.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, the district courts of the United States for the northern district of New York, the western district of Pennsylvania, the district of Indiana, the district of Illinois, the district of Missouri, the district of Arkansas, the western district of Louisiana, the eastern district of Louisiana, the northern district of Alabama, and the southern district of Alabama, in addition to the ordinary jurisdiction and powers of a district court shall within the limits of their respective districts, have jurisdiction of all causes, except appeals and writs of error, which now are; or hereafter may by law be made, cognizable in circuit court, and shall proceed therein in the same manner as a circuit court.

Approved, February 19, 1831.

PUBLIC—NO. 30.

An ACT to alter and amend "An act to set apart and dispose of certain public lands for the encouragement of the cultivation of the vine and olive."

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all persons entitled to lands, under a contract entered into on the eighth of January, eighteen hundred and nineteen, by the Secretary of the Treasury on the part of the United States, and Charles Villar, Agent of the Tombeckee Association, in pursuance of "An act to set apart and dispose of certain public lands for the encouragement of the cultivation of the vine and olive," approved on the third of March, eighteen hundred and seventeen, their heirs, devisees or assigns, who appear by the report of William L. Adams, special agent of the Treasury, appointed in compliance with a resolution of the Senate, passed the twentieth May, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, to have complied with the condition of settlement and cultivation, as stipulated for in said contract or who shall hereafter make it appear to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury, that they have so complied, shall on paying into the Treasury one dollar and twenty-five cents the acre previous to the third of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-three receive a patent for the same.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all persons who became entitled to an allotment of land under said contract their heirs devisees or assigns, who have failed to comply with the conditions of settlement and cultivation within the period required thereby, who at the time of the passage of this act shall be in the actual occupancy and cultivation of the same, shall, on paying into the Treasury one dollar and twenty-five cents the acre, previous to the third of March eighteen hundred and thirty-three, receive a patent for the same.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the widow and children of any person who became entitled to an allotment of land under said contract, and died without performing the conditions required, shall on paying into the Treasury, one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, previous to the third of March eighteen hundred and thirty-three receive a patent for the same.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the widow and children of any person who became entitled to an allotment of land under said contract, and died without performing the conditions required, shall on paying into the Treasury, one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, previous to the third of March eighteen hundred and thirty-three receive a patent for the same.

Approved, February 19, 1831.

An Irishman observing a pair of enormous long legged stockings hanging in a hosier's window, stepped in and enquired who they were made for—to which the clerk replied, "for no body in particular;" "Arrah, honey," said pat "what a long legged fellow that Mr. No-body-in particular must be."

Variety.

We yesterday witnessed, (says the Pawtucket Chronicle of the 4th inst.) the disinterment of the Hon. Joseph Jenks, one of the first Governors of the Colony of Rhode Island, who died on the 14th of June, 1740, ninety one years ago. The skeleton was nearly entire, and in a better state of preservation than could be expected. Governor Jenks was probably the tallest man that ever lived in the state, standing when living, seven feet and two inches, without his shoes.—His thigh bones, when taken up, measured eighteen inches.

[A chap of our acquaintance would not suffer much by a comparison of limbs with the deceased Governor.]

ED. CAR.

Female Friends.—We have remarked that, as the ground of general truth, the females of the society of Friends are more intelligent than any other class; and we attribute this to the fact, that their time is not spent in finding out new fashions, or in altering dresses, or inquiring how Miss Such-a-one's bonnet is trimmed, but in improving their minds and fitting themselves to be useful members of society; to fill stations of high and uncompromising respectability.

Rural Felicity.—"O!" said a young lady at a party, while looking at the landscape that was painted on a plate she had in her hand—"what a beautiful cottage!—I should admire to live in just such a one all the days of my life." The young gentleman that stood by her, anxious to know what would please her, looked very tenderly at the picture, and found it was a steam boat.

Two Paddies met one morning one of whom, the night before, had lost his wife: "O, Jammy," says he, "how hard are the dealings of Providence towards me, in taking away my dear wife by death, yours is left to comfort you—but mine alas! is no more!" "Hould, hould," replied Jammy, "don't break your poor heart about that dear honey, I'll swap even wid you now an you will."

An Irishman was once brought up before a magistrate, charged with marrying six wives. The magistrate asked him how he could be so hardened a villain: "Please your worship," says Paddy, "I was trying to get a good one."

Nothing can more highly contribute to the fixing of right apprehensions, and a sound judgement or sense of right or wrong, than to believe a God who is ever represented as such to be exactly a model and example of the most exact justice, and highest goodness and worth. Such a view of divine Providence and bounty, and extended to all, and expressed in a constant good affection towards the whole, must of necessity engage us, within our compass and sphere, to act by a like principle and affection. And having once the good of our species or public in view, as our end or aim, 'tis impossible we should be misgided by any means to a false apprehension or sense of right or wrong.

Shafte.

The following lines by Goethe, the celebrated poet, are now, we believe, for the first time presented to our readers. They apply exactly to the question so often agitated, are we better with or without the aid of romance and antiquity, in a literary and moral point of view.

America thou hast it better
Than our ancient hemisphere,
Thou hast no fallen castles
Nor basalt as here:
Thy children, they know not,
(Their youthful prime to mar)
Vain retrospection
Of ineffective war!
Fortune wait on thy glorious spring!
And when in time thy poets sing,
May some good genius guard them all
From Baron, Knight and Ghost traditional
From Mag.

We understand that John D. Thompson, Esq., has consented, if elected, to represent this county in the Senate of the next State Legislature.

Fayetteville Observer.

Town affairs.—At a meeting of the citizens of this town yesterday afternoon, J. W. Wright, Esq. presiding, and W. J. Anderson, Esq. acting as Secretary, the following resolution, moved by Louis D. Henry, Esq. was adopted.

Ordered, That the commissioners cause, with all convenient speed, a longitudinal Market to be erected in the centre of the Public Square, intersected by Green, Gillespie, Hay and Person streets, running parallel with Hay street, to be surmounted with a tower for a Clock and Bell, the roof to stand on brick pillars; the ceiling to be arched, lathed and plastered, not exceeding seventy feet long and forty broad.

ib

At the Annual Convocation of the Grand Chapter of North Carolina, held in this town on Friday, the 24th inst., the following Officers were elected for the present year, viz:

M. E. Red's Strange, Fayetteville, G. H. P.
M. L. Higgins, Edinboro, D. G. H. P.
William Kerr, Greensboro, G. K.
J. A. Lillingston, Wilmington, G. S.
J. R. Lloyd, Tarborough, G. Treasurer.
E. B. Freeman, Halifax, G. Secretary.
Rev. Colin McIvor, Fayetteville, G. Chap.
E. George Blair, G. M.

The next Convocation will be held at Tarborough, on the 23d June 1832.

ib

SPONTANEOUS IGNITION.

—The New York Daily Advertiser states that in cleaning the cabin of the ship Birmingham, on Saturday week, some cotton was used, which became partly saturated with linseed oil, and after a while it took fire. It was then determined to try an experiment. A small quantity of cotton was partially dipped in linseed oil, and was placed in the shade, which became ignited in two hours. The experiment was repeated for the third time, and the result was the same, it being two hours each time before the cotton took fire.

So the world goes. A worthless, brainless fellow, in whiskers and gloves, will be welcomed into society, while an industrious citizen, who dresses within his income, is discarded or overlooked—A dashing fop can gull almost every body. He runs upon the tailor, he runs upon the landlord; he runs upon the labor of the shoemaker, he runs his face at the billiard board; and his presence into good society all by the tactication of dress, his whiskers and borrowed gold watch, and at last he runs away, leaving his creditors and dupes unpaid and perhaps duped.

DOCT. WATKINS.

The Philadelphia Inquirer speaking of the case of Dr. Watkins, says—We are enabled to state on sufficient authority, that the President will immediately release Watkins on its being shown that he is not competent to the liquidation of the amount of the fine, or as soon as he absolves himself of that claim by availing himself of the insolvent law. It only remains for Mr. Watkins or his friends to do one of these two things to effect his release.

Cheap Living.—"You haint got no more cold victuals for me, is you?" said a beggar boy, whose basket was well charged with the fat of the land.

"I've given you enough already, replied the citizen, "what do you want with so much cold meat?"

"Oh! I don't want it myself, but my mammy keeps boarding house, and she expects some visitors to dinner to day, so I thought as how you mought help her out."

Beat this!—The Oxford Observer, (Me.) states that the wife of James Buckminster, of Franconia, N. H., has had, since the year 1824, nine children at three births—three at the first, two at the second, and four at the last! They are all boys, and are all living and doing well.

The question of the location of the Bank of the United States has been a subject of some of the most heated discussions of the past few years. It is needless to say to my fellow citizens that this is already well known. We have seen it as an institution dangerous to the morality of the country; we have seen it will corrupt the purity of our elections; already has it attempted to buy up Congress, already has it attempted to control the people in the ensuing election for members of the State Legislature, and this two years before the renewal of its charter can come before Congress, and why in this case? Because they want to get the countenance of the State—why wish for them, through their legislature, to recommend to Congress the renewal of its charter. We look upon the Bank as unconstitutional, which, if there was no other reason, would bring against it, our feeble exertions. Before it can locate a branch it must buy land. Who gives it this power? We are told that Congress gives it. Has Congress the power itself? It has not. How then can it give it? It does not. It does not possess itself. It does not possess itself—by an unwarrantable stretch of its powers. But, perhaps some may say, indeed, some have said that Congress has the power to buy and land in the States, thereby granting to them the regulation of the territory, by which lands are held in the individual States. Let us examine this right. The latter clause of the sixteenth grant of power to Congress (under which we believe the advocates of the Bank claim the right of Congress to hold lands in the States) says "Congress shall exercise authority over all places purchased by the consent of the Legislature of the State in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards, and other needful buildings." Is there any part of the above grant which gives Congress the power to buy land in the Territory of any State except for the purposes therein mentioned: viz: "for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards and other needful buildings?" It does not. Ah! but the words "other needful buildings" we claim it under? Will any some puffed Editor whose pockets have been crammed with the *South Seas* and *Texas*, for defending every effect the Bank against the honest attacks of those who wish to preserve the constitution and the morals of the people from it. The words "other needful buildings" taken by themselves, it is true, might mean any thing almost; They might mean a pig sty just as well as a fine brick building for holding the bills of the United States Bank. But connect them with the other part of the sentence and the same latitude of construction cannot be given them. They clearly mean buildings that may be needful at the "Forts, magazines, arsenals or dock-yards." We were to say that we had a plantation for sale with a dwelling house, kitchen, a barn and other needful buildings, would you not at once, believe that we meant hen-coops, Jack stables, &c. as that we meant a house to hold the money of the stockholders of the United States Bank. If you would believe thus, how then can you infer, from a grant of a power to buy lands ("with the consent of the State in which the same may be") "for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals and dock-yards," the power to buy lands for the purpose of building a banking house upon? You cannot do so. It is foolish to say that the power is derived from the words of the grant which we have quoted. The friends of the bank must obtain it from some other source.

We think now we have made it very clear, in a plain manner, that the United States Bank is unconstitutional. We think, on a former occasion, we proved its bad tendency upon the morals of the country, by its bribery of the press, and its attempted bribery of the people of every State in the Union, by giving them a large money, printed at their cost, with a recommendation of the Bank to the attention of the State Legislatures. Shall such an institution be again forced upon the country? We hope not. We hope that the people will have too great a regard for the constitution, for the freedom of elections and for the morals of the community to lend their aid towards the renewal of the charter of that aristocratic institution.

Estimate Committee.—While we look upon the objects of this convention viz: the making of a railroad from the junction of the Ohio and Mississippi rivers to Charleston, S. C. a distance of 600 miles as rather premature, we cannot agree with friend Pleasants of the Whig that it is an "idle conceit." We think, in time, the work might be effected. But we would rather see the friends of the measure making some attempts to improve the individual states that are to be benefited by the contemplated road first. We know but little, yet, about the construction of rail-roads; we should begin, therefore, on a small scale, until we acquire some knowledge of the manner of constructing them. Let the States of Virginia, Tennessee, North and South Carolina be improved individually, and then it will be time to talk about a work of the magnitude of the contemplated rail-way.

The address of Messrs. Allen and Cruger, delegates from the common council of Charleston, to the convention, is an able written paper and shows very conclusively that the Atlantic and Western States would be mutually benefited by some chain of communications between them. A want of room prevents us from laying it before our readers.

The election for Governor of Georgia is going on with a great deal of warmth. Mr. Lanier and Mr. Gilmer are the rival candidates. We know no difference in their politics. Mr. Lanier is supported by the Clark party and Mr. Gilmer by the party of Mr. Lanier. Mr. Lanier is a Southern man, Mr. Gilmer a Northern man.

It will be recollected that a convention of teachers and others friendly to the cause of education, was to have been held at Chapel Hill, on the day antecedent to the annual commencement. Such a convention has been held and did our limits permit it, we would publish the proceedings of the convention, we may do so at some future day. We think, however, that they committed an oversight by not requesting the friends of education at a distance from C. Hill, to form Societies auxiliary to the one at Chapel Hill.

WE see it stated in some paper which we do not now recollect, that it is rumored in Washington that Genl. Jackson's eyes are now open to the conduct of Van Buren and that he will not give him the mission to England. We only fear that the "news is too good to be true."

THE SPARTAN BAND.
MR. EDITOR: Among the many attractions which marked the arrangements of Monday last, the 4th of July—the eloquent and patriotic oration delivered by Maj. Kerr—the handsome and military display of the Salisbury Light Infantry Band—the entirely national character of the regular toasts, &c. at the dinner which was served in the most sumptuous manner—I take a peculiar pleasure in alluding to the efforts of the band—composed entirely of amateurs—whose performance was characterized by refined taste, and handsome execution—the appropriateness of their selections at the festive hour imparted an intellectual zest to the enjoyment of the day, and will no doubt ensure to them the admiration of their fellow-citizens.

SUPREME COURT.—THOMAS W. DELANEY, of Onslow, and RICHARD M. SHARPARD, of Newbern, have been admitted to County Court practice.

Burial.
MARRIED, in Lincoln county, on the 26th of May, by the Rev. Henry N. Pharr, Mr. Josiah Q. Hall of Tennessee, to Miss Dorcas Sherrell, daughter of Enos Sherrell, Esq.

DIED.
In Davidson City, N. C. on the 23d of June last Mrs. Margaret Smith, wife of Peter Smith aged 68 years, 4 months and 7 days.
On Thursday morning the 12th May at the house of the Hon. Alex. Buckner, four miles from Jackson, Missouri, Dr. William B. Cannon, formerly of Cabarrus County, N. C.

The Lincoln Cotton MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
Respectfully inform the public, that they have concluded to alter, in some measure, their mode of doing business; and in future, they propose to sell their yarn and cloth to merchants, or others, by the quantity, at reduced prices, for cash, or cotton at cash price; or they will give a short credit, if required, by the purchaser giving note and security. They propose to sell yarn at 30 pr. ct. discount from the factory retail prices, which will be to the purchaser, if the purchaser sells yarn at factory prices, 35 pr. ct. on his money and cloth such as we now have on hand at 1 1/2 pr. ct. pr. yd. But should any material alteration take place in the price of cotton, it would affect the price of yarn and cloth.

Also, we expect to carry on our Smith shop more extensively than heretofore, still under the superintendence of John Smith; where mill irons, such as spindles and saw-mill cranks, &c. will be made, and executed in a superior manner at 15 pr. ct. pr. lb. We also have made in a very superior manner, all kinds of edge tools, that are usually made in this country.

We think it unnecessary for us to say any thing about the superior quality of the yarn and cloth as it has been sufficiently tested. Those who wish to encourage a home manufactory, feel it their interest to give us their encouragement by purchasing our manufactured goods, will have our truest grateful acknowledgments.

[PAID 1w]
JAS. BIVINGS, & Co.

THE Tenth annual meeting of the Irish Society of the United States will take place in Savannah, on Thursday the 1st of August. The Rev. Stephen Francis will deliver the anniversary discourse, the report of the Board of managers will be read, and probably some addresses made. A general and personal attendance of members and friends is respectfully solicited. Exercises to commence at 11 o'clock.
D. BOULL, Presd.
Irish Co. B. S.
July 28th 1831. 42

Sale Postponed.
THE SALE of the valuable Property which was to take place the 5th instant, at the residence of the late Capt. C Lippard's dec'd, is deferred until Friday the 29th instant, when it will positively take place.
CHARLES F. LIPPARD.
July 28th 1831. 3181

A LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in the P. O. Office in Lincoln, N. C. on the 1st day of July 1831.
Miles Abernethy 2
John Anderson
Christopher Arney
Jacob Aurt
Thomas C. Blochly
Robert Brown
James Brydshaw
John C. Latta
John Lurvey
James Lurvey
Edward Lewis
Mr. Mott
Edward M'Grath
Mr. M'Emet
John Mott
Christy Mott
Thomas Martin
Daniel G. M'Daniel
Anderson Mathews
John Mott
Robert Mott
Robert Mott
Edwin P. Phelps
Michael Quinn
Hugh Quinn
Robert H. Reynolds
Jude Webb
Franklin Reinhardt
William Rutledge
John C. Rutledge
Michael Rutledge
George Stearns
Edmond Sullivan
Isaac Suggs
Eli Sayre
Michael Sherman
Michael Sommers
Edward Sommers
Nancy Weston
James Witherspoon
Isaac White
Winston Wood
David Whitfield
David Zimmerman
Philip Hines
381 CHARLES C. HENDERSON P. M.

A LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in the Post-Office at Morganton, N. C. on the 1st day of July, 1831.
Alexander Tate
Barbour Thos.
Barnhart John
Bailey Martha
Brown John H.
Beck Nicholas
Boroman Sherwood
Branch Stephen
Branch William
Sean John
Bowman Groves
Coffey Reuben
Carlton Thos. 2
Colby John 2
Conly John W.
Clark Wm.
Craig Dr. J. W.
Col. of 80th Reg.
Col. of 81st Reg.
Col. of 82d Reg.
Col. of Cavalry 15th
Brigade
Dixon Jas. W.
Dix John
Dixon Charles W.
Davis Jas.
Duckworth John Jr.
England Rev. Jas.
Gillispie David
Gwin Jane
Greenlee, Avery & Co.
Higgins John
Higgins John
Huntley Isaac
Harshaw Josiah
Hood Jas.
Howard Joseph
Justice Peter
Jackson Rev. Wm. J.
John Mrs. Mary E.
3181 R. C. PEARSON, P. M.

Notice.
THE undersigned having qualified, at May Session of Rowan County Court, as Executor of the last will and Testament of Margaret Young, Dec'd. requests all persons indebted to said estate to make payment, and all persons having claims against the same, to present them for payment, within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. W. B. WOOD, Ex'r
May, 19th 1831. 3mt85

NEW YORK, WHOLESALE CLOAK, Stock & Clothing Warehouse REMOVED.
THE subscriber has removed his Establishment from No. 18 1-2, Maiden Lane to the Spacious Store No. 158, Pearl St. over Messrs. Hyde Cleveland & Co. where he will keep constantly on hand a much more extensive assortment than formerly. The Style, make and materials of the Cloaks will be greatly improved and will be sold at about the same low prices as those of the last Season. He has also on hand a large assortment of low priced clothing made in good style expressly for the Southern and Western Trade—that will be sold at about the usual prices of the most inferior quality. Also, an assortment of Stocks with many other desirable articles. Those who will take the trouble to examine this Stock of Goods will probably satisfy themselves that they cannot select the same amount from any Stock in the City that will be a safer or more desirable purchase—for sale by
F. J. CONANT,
No. 151, Pearl St. New York.

Notice.—Six months for approved notes payable at Banks in good standing in any part of the country, eight months for City acceptances or 5 per cent discount for Cash—in all cases where the time is extended interest will be charged at the rate of 7 per cent per annum. Any Goods purchased at this Establishment that do not suit the Market for which they were intended will be exchanged for others.
12179
New York, April 16th, 1831.

THE Tenth annual meeting of the Irish Society of the United States will take place in Savannah, on Thursday the 1st of August. The Rev. Stephen Francis will deliver the anniversary discourse, the report of the Board of managers will be read, and probably some addresses made. A general and personal attendance of members and friends is respectfully solicited. Exercises to commence at 11 o'clock.
D. BOULL, Presd.
Irish Co. B. S.
July 28th 1831. 42

Sale Postponed.
THE SALE of the valuable Property which was to take place the 5th instant, at the residence of the late Capt. C Lippard's dec'd, is deferred until Friday the 29th instant, when it will positively take place.
CHARLES F. LIPPARD.
July 28th 1831. 3181

A LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in the P. O. Office in Lincoln, N. C. on the 1st day of July 1831.
Miles Abernethy 2
John Anderson
Christopher Arney
Jacob Aurt
Thomas C. Blochly
Robert Brown
James Brydshaw
John C. Latta
John Lurvey
James Lurvey
Edward Lewis
Mr. Mott
Edward M'Grath
Mr. M'Emet
John Mott
Christy Mott
Thomas Martin
Daniel G. M'Daniel
Anderson Mathews
John Mott
Robert Mott
Robert Mott
Edwin P. Phelps
Michael Quinn
Hugh Quinn
Robert H. Reynolds
Jude Webb
Franklin Reinhardt
William Rutledge
John C. Rutledge
Michael Rutledge
George Stearns
Edmond Sullivan
Isaac Suggs
Eli Sayre
Michael Sherman
Michael Sommers
Edward Sommers
Nancy Weston
James Witherspoon
Isaac White
Winston Wood
David Whitfield
David Zimmerman
Philip Hines
381 CHARLES C. HENDERSON P. M.

A LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in the Post-Office at Morganton, N. C. on the 1st day of July, 1831.
Alexander Tate
Barbour Thos.
Barnhart John
Bailey Martha
Brown John H.
Beck Nicholas
Boroman Sherwood
Branch Stephen
Branch William
Sean John
Bowman Groves
Coffey Reuben
Carlton Thos. 2
Colby John 2
Conly John W.
Clark Wm.
Craig Dr. J. W.
Col. of 80th Reg.
Col. of 81st Reg.
Col. of 82d Reg.
Col. of Cavalry 15th
Brigade
Dixon Jas. W.
Dix John
Dixon Charles W.
Davis Jas.
Duckworth John Jr.
England Rev. Jas.
Gillispie David
Gwin Jane
Greenlee, Avery & Co.
Higgins John
Higgins John
Huntley Isaac
Harshaw Josiah
Hood Jas.
Howard Joseph
Justice Peter
Jackson Rev. Wm. J.
John Mrs. Mary E.
3181 R. C. PEARSON, P. M.

Notice.
THE undersigned having qualified, at May Session of Rowan County Court, as Executor of the last will and Testament of Margaret Young, Dec'd. requests all persons indebted to said estate to make payment, and all persons having claims against the same, to present them for payment, within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. W. B. WOOD, Ex'r
May, 19th 1831. 3mt85

NEW YORK, WHOLESALE CLOAK, Stock & Clothing Warehouse REMOVED.
THE subscriber has removed his Establishment from No. 18 1-2, Maiden Lane to the Spacious Store No. 158, Pearl St. over Messrs. Hyde Cleveland & Co. where he will keep constantly on hand a much more extensive assortment than formerly. The Style, make and materials of the Cloaks will be greatly improved and will be sold at about the same low prices as those of the last Season. He has also on hand a large assortment of low priced clothing made in good style expressly for the Southern and Western Trade—that will be sold at about the usual prices of the most inferior quality. Also, an assortment of Stocks with many other desirable articles. Those who will take the trouble to examine this Stock of Goods will probably satisfy themselves that they cannot select the same amount from any Stock in the City that will be a safer or more desirable purchase—for sale by
F. J. CONANT,
No. 151, Pearl St. New York.

Notice.—Six months for approved notes payable at Banks in good standing in any part of the country, eight months for City acceptances or 5 per cent discount for Cash—in all cases where the time is extended interest will be charged at the rate of 7 per cent per annum. Any Goods purchased at this Establishment that do not suit the Market for which they were intended will be exchanged for others.
12179
New York, April 16th, 1831.

SCHUYLER'S Palace of Fortune
MUSEUM
NEW-YORK.
A Ticket which has been sold within a few months past more prize than at any other in the United States and is among them the following very lately 15 whole Tickets distributed in 15 parts of the United States.
\$300,000 \$25,000
20,000 15,000
12,500 10,000
&c. &c.
A few months ago a \$10,000 prize was by mail to a gentleman in Vermont another \$10,000 to Virginia, and a few weeks since the whole of \$3000 to North Carolina. For the information of those residing in the country I give a list of the Brilliant N. Y. Lotteries next to be drawn the respective drawings of which will be published in this paper.

Important Intelligence.
LIST of Brilliant New York Lotteries to be drawn in the city of New York for the summer campaign.
June 29—Regular Class 1—48 No. Lottery—6 drawn balls—Capitals are
\$30,000 \$10,000
2 of 3,000, 2 of 2,500
2 of 2,000, 2 of 1,500
2 of 1,000, &c. &c. &c.
Tickets \$10.
June 29, Extra 17—48 No. Lottery—6 drawn balls \$15,000, Tickets \$5.
July 6, Class 7, 48 No. 6 drawn \$15,000 \$5,000 Tickets. \$5.
ANOTHER MAMMOTH
July 13, Extra 18 Capitals
\$50,000 \$40,000
\$30,000 20,000
10,000 5,000
&c. &c. &c.
36 No. Lottery—6 drawn balls exactly an even chance for a prize. Packages of wholes containing 12 Tickets \$150 do. of halves \$96 do. of quarters \$68 single Tickets \$16 shares in proportion. Packages in this Lottery must draw back at least one half in prize and stand a chance for all the Brilliant Capitals—my country friends are requested to write in time as tickets will undoubtedly be as scarce as in the last mammoth in which many of my patrons were disappointed in consequence of their orders not arriving in season.
July 30, Extra 19—36 No. 6 drawn \$30,000 \$10,000 Tickets \$5
July 27, Extra 20 36 No. 6 drawn \$40,000 \$10,000 Tickets \$10 lowest prize \$15—23 in a package.
Orders for Tickets in any of the New York Lotteries must be addressed to ANTHONY H. SCHUYLER New York who pays particular attention to orders from abroad having two special Licenses from the State authority, with the necessary bonds, securities &c. Those who would like tickets in the above or in any of our Lotteries need not be under any apprehension of letters by mail, enclosing cash being miscarried, as the subscriber has not a single order directed to him during the long course of trade; he has the privilege of referring to the very respectable Managers Messrs Yates and McIntyre also to many other first rate houses in this city, Boston, Albany, Charleston, S. C., Richmond Va. Fayetteville, N. C., and Augusta, Geo.

The "Lottery Herald" containing the drawing and other matter is published by the subscriber every evening of the drawing, and sent regularly if requested to all who deal with me—gratis—when one or more tickets are ordered the postage need not be paid, Bank notes current in any part of the United States will be received by me for tickets at par—a discount of 5 per cent is made to those who purchase packages of me. Address, ANTHONY H. SCHUYLER.
781f New York.

Bank notes current in any part of the United States taken at par for Tickets—when more than one ticket is ordered the postage need not be paid—those who prefer it to save postage will have a certificate of the numbers sent by mail and the original tickets will be sealed up, deposited in the Bank and held subject to the disposal of the owners—this plan though generally adopted by my customers is not followed without express orders.

The "Lottery Herald" is published by the subscriber every evening of the drawing—the Herald contains the official drawing, schemes of Lotteries to be drawn—a complete list of all the Banks in the United States, current prices current—and a large quantity of Reading matter original and select. Terms \$3 per annum in advance—but is sent gratis to all who deal with Schuyler.

Please be particular to address
ANTHONY H. SCHUYLER, N. York

POETRY.

FROM THE NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.
TOO SOON.
 Too soon!—too soon!—how oft that word
 Outgushes from the spirit like a spell;
 Awakening every mournful chord
 That in the human heart may dwell;
 Of hopes that perish'd in their noon—
 Of youth's decay'd—too soon!—too soon!
 Too soon!—too soon!—it is a sound
 To dim the sight with many a tear;
 As bitterly we gaze around,
 And find how few the loved are here!
 Oht!—when shall we again commune
 With those we lost—too soon!—too soon!
 Too soon!—too soon!—how wild that tone
 Buries our dearest hours of bliss,
 And leaves us silent and alone.
 To mourn on such a theme as this:
 To frown upon the quiet moon,
 Whose parting light comes all too soon!
 Too soon!—too soon!—if e'er were there
 The joys, the fears, the hopes of love;
 If thou hast knelt before the shrine
 Of beauty in some starlight grove:
 Whose firm young roses breathe of June,
 Thine'st these words—too soon!—too soon!
 Too soon is stamp'd on every leaf,
 In characters of dim decay;
 Too soon is writ in tears of grief,
 On all things falling fast away!
 Oht! is there one mortal boon,
 Our hearts lose not—too soon!—too soon!

REVENGE TO THE VERY LETTER.

As John and Mary sat at dinner,
 Mary exclaimed, in playful rage,
 "I'll pinch thine arm as I'm a sinner,
 And make thee suffer, I'll engage."
 Said John, "Were we in serious strife,
 And you would dare a pinch to give;
 I'd give you such a pinch, good wife,
 You'd ne'er forget it while you live."
 "A pinch for but a pinch," oh, dear,
 That's very hard!" was Jane's reply,
 "I would serve," quoth John "to point out
 clear,
 The difference 'twixt 'U' and 'I'."

JULIUS J. REEVES.

IS now receiving and opening at his
 New Store Rocky Mount 14 miles
 west of Salisbury and one mile west of
 Wood Grove formerly occupied by Cowan
 and Reeves; an elegant assortment of
New Fashionable and Cheap dry

GOODS, Hard Ware, Cutlery, Crockery and GROCERIES.

direct from the Cities of New York and
 Philadelphia, selected by himself from
 the latest importations, for the spring of
 1831. All of which he offers as low as
 any GOODS of the same quality, can be
 bought in this section of country. Pur-
 chasers and the PUBLIC are invited to
 call examine, and judge for themselves.
 J. J. Reeves begs leave to return his
 Sincere thanks to an enlightened PUBLIC
 for the liberal patronage he received
 while acting as a Copartner with Mr.
 Thos. L. Cowan of Salisbury, under the
 Firm of Cowan & Reeves, and as he is
 now doing business for himself alone; he
 hopes by close and unremitting attention
 to business to merit a continuance of the
 same.
 May 2 1831.

To Gold-Miners.

STONE CUTTING.
 THE subscriber would respectfully in-
 form **GOLD MINERS OWNERS**
 of **MILLS** and the public, generally, that
 he carries on the stone cutting business
 in all its various branches at his residence
 7 miles south of Salisbury. His stones
 shall be made of the best grit in the
 State, agreeably to directions, on the short-
 est notice, and in a style of workmanship
 surpassed by none. The subscriber also,
 has at hand, now, a few **Erastres** beds
 made of good grit and in a superior style
 of workmanship which he will sell on
 accommodating terms.

ENOCH E. PHILLIPS.
 June 25th 1831. 77if

The Miner's and Farmer's Journal
 is requested to give the above four in-
 sertions and to forward the account to
 this office.

Cotton Gin Making.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citi-
 zens of Davidson, and the adjacent coun-
 ties, that he continues to carry on, at his Shop
 in Lexington, the business of Making **COTTON**
GINs, equal to any manufactured in the United
 States; indeed, his Gins are preferred to all
 others, by those who have tried them; and
 have found a ready sale throughout a large ex-
 tent of country. His prices shall be as reason-
 able as at any other shop in the Southern
 country.
 All orders will be promptly attended to, and
 Gins finished in the shortest possible time.
 Repairing of Gins will be done on the short-
 est notice, and in the most substantial manner,
 by the public's humble servant,
HENRY A. CLINGAMON.
 Lexington, May 26th, 1831. 31

Negroes Wanted!

THE subscriber is desirous to pur-
 chase a number of **NEGROES**
 without any limit during the next
 twelve months. Any person having
 such property for sale would do well
 to apply to the subscriber before they
 make a sale, for they may rest assured
 that he will pay the most liberal prices
 in **CASH**. **JAMES HUIE.**

N. B. All letters addressed to the
 subscriber will be attended to as punc-
 tually, as if application was made in
 person. In his absence **ROBERT**
HUIE will attend to the business,
 or in his absence **MR. REAVES**,
 the Post-Master, will, who is author-
 ized to make purchases at all times.
 Salisbury, May 21. 72if

Dr. N. E. McClelland

RESPECTFULLY informs
 the citizens of Wilkesboro' and the adjacent country, that
 he has located himself in
 Wilkesboro', for the purpose of practicing
 the various branches of his profession,
 viz: Practice of
Medicine, Surgery, and Obstetrics.
 He may be found at his residence at all
 times, except when on professional busi-
 ness; and he hopes by assiduous at-
 tention to his profession to merit a share of
 the public patronage. 76if

A Valuable Tract of Land FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for Sale his farm,
 containing 460 acres of land lying on
 the waters of Back Creek, in this County.
 There are about 220 acres of cleared land,
 with many valuable improvements upon
 it. There is a substantial and convenient
 dwelling house, in good repair, with a first
 rate barn. The only motive which the
 subscriber has in selling his land is a
 strong desire to emigrate to the West.
 All persons who may wish to purchase
 a good productive plantation would do
 well to call and see the premises where
 the subscriber may be found at any time.
 The terms of Sale will be accommoda-
 ting. **SAMUEL JETER.**
 April 1st, 1831. 65:90

The Thorough Bred Horse

AERONAUT,

WILL stand this
 season in the
 county of Rowan: At
 Salisbury, on Mondays,
 Tuesdays and Wednes-
 days: At Concord, on
 Thursdays, Fridays and
 Saturdays. The season
 has already commenced, and will end the
 25th July. Seven Dollars will be charged
 for the season, and the Single
 Leap; and the Subscriber insure. Fifty
 cents to the owner of every instance.
 Aeronaut's color is highly promising,
 being of fine form and size, and very
 generally resembling their sire, in color,
 figure and gait; being remarkably hardy
 and thrifty.
 Great care will be taken to give general
 satisfaction; but I cannot be liable for ac-
 cidents. Grain will be furnished, at the
 market price, to mares sent from a dis-
 tance. 64if
CHARLES L. BOWERS.

COWAN & HAGUE,

TAILORS.

THE subscribers return their thanks
 to the public for the liberal patron-
 age extended to their Tailoring estab-
 lishment in Concord, and beg leave to
 inform them that they have employed a
 sufficient number of workmen to enable
 them to do business with the utmost dis-
 patch. They regularly receive the latest
 fashions from Philadelphia, and hope
 they will not only be able to turn out work
 with dispatch, but be also able to turn it
 out in a neat and elegant style. Their
 terms will be accommodating, and their
 efforts to please, unceasing. Orders
 from a distance shall meet the most
 prompt attention.
 Cutting of all descriptions will be done
 at their shop immediately on application.
 Concord, Feb. 11th, 1831. 58 if

State of North Carolina,

ROWAN COUNTY.
 May Session, 1831.

GATHER JONES and wife **Mary**,
 Godfrey Clement and wife **Eliza**,
 Beth and Ann Brown vs Sarah Helfer,
 Thomas Brown, Daniel Brown a minor
 and Jesse Brown: Petition for Partition.
 In this case it appearing to the satisfac-
 tion of the court that the defendant Jesse
 Brown is not an inhabitant of this State,
 it is therefore ordered that publication be
 made six weeks in the Western Carolin-
 ian that he be and appear at the next court
 of pleas and quarter sessions to be held
 for the county of Rowan, at the Court
 House in Salisbury, on the 3d Monday
 in August next, and plead answer or de-
 mur, or the same will be taken pro con-
 fesso and heard ex parte. Witness Jno.
 Giles, clerk of our said court at office the
 3d Monday in May, 1831. 6180
JNO GILES, c. c.

NEW CHEAP GOODS. Hackett & Lemly

HAVE just received from New York
 and Philadelphia a desirable assort-
 ment of spring and summer **GOODS**,
 consisting in part of
 Superfine Blue and Black Cloths, a beautiful as-
 sortment of fancy col'd. do. fancy and Buff
 Casimeres, a great variety of materials for
 gentlemen's Summer clothing, Marseilles, Va-
 lentia, and Silk Vestings, Calicoes, rich paint-
 ed Muslins, Cambric, Book, Mull, Swiss,
 Jaconet, Satin Check, and fancy Scotch, Mus-
 lin, Mourning Batiste, Pink and Straw col'd.
 do. Adriatic corded and plain Muslin Robes,
 Table Diapers, Linen and Cotton, Irish Linens,
 Swiss Gravats, fancy do. black and white
 Satin, black Silks, Changeable Gros de Nap-
 les, Changeable Marcelline, black Nankin
 and Canton Crapes, Yellow and Blue Nankin,
 Pongee, Barage, fancy Gause, Crapes, Dickie
 and Changeable Gros de Naple Hkfs. Gause
 Scarfs, rich painted and plain Linen, Cambric
 Hkfs. a great variety of Silk pocket Hkfs.
 black, white and Green Bobanet and Gause
 Veils, rich worked Bobanet Capes and Caps,
 Muslin Capes,
 A general assortment of
 Silk and Cotton Hosiery, rich Bonnet, Cap and
 Belt Ribbons, Bobanet Laces and quillings,
 Gentlemen's and Ladies' Gloves and Mitts, Sat-
 in Straw for Bonnets, Medallions, fancy Bed
 Spreads, furniture Dimity, Rose Fringe, Bed
 Tickings, Brown and Blacked Sheetings
 and Shirtings, Domestic Ginghams, Cotton
 Yarn, Women's and Mince, Dunstable, Dia-
 mond Straw and Leghorn Bonnets.
Silk Fur and Wool Hats, Shoes, a
fine assortment of planes, Hard Ware,
Cutlery, Crockery, Glass and China
Ware, Paints, Groceries, &c. &c.
 All of which they are determined to sell
 as low as they can be bought in this
 part of the country.
 H. & L. respects to their friends and cus-
 tomers for their patronage and would be glad
 they would call and examine their present Stock.
 Salisbury, May 7th, 1831. 70if

Beef! Beef!

THE SUBSCRIBER
 would respect-
 fully inform the citizens
 of this town, that he
 will have **BEEF** in
 market, during the
 present season, every Monday, Wed-
 nesday, and Friday mornings or at
 any other time which would suit the
 convenience of his friends and custom-
 ers. Persons having **BEEVES** for
 sale would do well to apply to the sub-
 scriber, as he will pay the most liberal
 prices for them, in Cash, at all times.
JOHN I. SHAVER
 July 2, 1831. 78if

Runaway

ON the 10th of September
 last, from my plantation in
 Jones county, two negroes, one
 named **WASHINGTON**, about
 27 years of age, a very bright
 mulatto, on one of his hands
 there is a scar occasioned by a
 gin; he will change his name
 and endeavor to pass for a free man. The other
 named **JOHN**, a common mulatto, about 30
 years of age, very intelligent; he will probably
 pass as the servant of Washington, and change
 his name. A reward of 25 Dollars will be given
 for the delivery of either in any jail, so that I
 can get them.
 October 16th. 42if
 The Georgian, Savannah: the Tele-
 scope, Columbia, S. C.; and Richmond Enqui-
 rer, are requested to publish the above weekly
 until forbid, and then forward their accounts to
J. TAMAR.

Runaway

ON the 25th of June last,
 from my plantation in the
 lower part of Ireland, at Tur-
 byfills ferry, on the Catawba
 river, my negro man named
Abram, near forty years of
 age, a mulatto about 5 feet 8
 or 10 inches high, round shouldered
 and a scar on the left side of his neck occa-
 sioned by cutting with a Lancer for the
 scrofula. It is thought he has obtained a
 free pass from some person. I would be
 glad, if it be so, that the person ap-
 prehending the negro, would keep the pass;
 so that I can see it. For the apprehension
 of said negro, so that I get him, I will give
 a reward of five dollars if taken up in this
 neighbourhood, ten dollars if thirty miles
 or more distant from my house.
 2179 **JOHN MAHEW.**
 June 29th, 1831.
EQUITY BLANKS
 FOR SALE HERE.

NEW, CHEAP AND DESIRABLE SPRING GOODS.

J. MURPHY
 IS now receiving at his Store in Salisbury
 a full supply of all kinds of Fine, Fast
 lovable New Style **Fancy GOODS**, among
 which are many new and beautiful arti-
 cles for Ladies' Dresses. Suited to the
 Season, selected by himself with much
 care from the latest importations in New
 York and Philadelphia for 1831, and
 bought entirely for cash. The public are
 respectfully invited to call, examine, and
 judge for themselves, as every induc-
 ment by way of variety and extreme
 lowness of price will be presented to them.
 J. M. is thankful for past favours and
 hopes by a proper attention to business to
 merit a continuance of those favours
 which his customers and a discerning
 public have heretofore so liberally be-
 stowed upon him. 3m179
 April 15th, 1831.

Cabinet Making BUSINESS.

THE subscribers respectfully inform
 the citizens of Salisbury and the
 surrounding country that they have com-
 menced the above business in the Town
 of Salisbury, their Shop is a few doors
 East of the Court-House on main street,
 in the house formerly occupied by Mr.
 Fraley as a Tavern where they are now
 prepared to make and repair every de-
 scription of Furniture at the shortest no-
 tice on the most reasonable terms and in
 a style of workmanship superior to any
 thing of the kind heretofore done in this
 place.
 Orders for Sideboards, Secretaries, Bu-
 reaus, Corner Cupboards, Tables, Ladies
 Work Stands, &c. Together with every
 other article in their line of business will
 be thankfully received and strictly atten-
 ded to.
 They hope by punctuality and faithful
 workmanship to merit and receive en-
 couragement. **A. W. BUIS.**
GEORGE FRALEY.
 May 9th, 1831. 71if
 N. B. Good Walnut, Cherry or Cur'd
 Maple plank will be taken as cash in part
 pay for any of the above articles.
A. W. B.
G. F.

TAILORING BUSINESS.

Benjamin Fraley,
HAVING received the latest New-
 York and Philadelphia Fashions,
 together with those of London and
 Paris, and will continue to receive
 them, from time to time, as they
 change, and having a number of good
 workmen, he is prepared to do work
 on short notice and in first rate style,
 and which will be warranted to fit
 well. Orders from a distance for
 work, will be punctually attended to.
 As he is the Agent of Ward of Phila-
 delphia, and of Seguez, of New-York,
 those wishing to learn the art of **Cut-**
ting, can apply to the subscriber in
 Salisbury. **BENJ. FRALEY.**
 6mt385.

BUTCHERING!

THE subscribers, respect-
 fully, inform the citi-
 zens of Salisbury, that they
 have commenced **BUTCH-**
ERING, and intend to continue it du-
 ring the present season. They will kill
 none but good heeves and they hope to
 merit a share of the custom of the public.
 They will have beef in market on Tues-
 day, Thursday and Saturday mornings, in
 each week.
WILLIAM PINKSTON,
PETER J. SWINK.
 N. B. Any person having heeves for
 sale, would do well to apply to them either
 personally or by letter as they will pay
CASH for them at all times. 73if
 May 28th 1831.

State of North Carolina,

ROWAN COUNTY.
 May Session, 1831.

PRESLEY D. GLASSCOCK vs John
 Sain and wife Margaret, and Joseph
 Garrawood: petition for partition. In
 this case it appearing to the satisfaction
 of the court that the defendant John Gar-
 rawood is not an inhabitant of this state,
 it is therefore ordered that publication be
 made six weeks in the Western Carolin-
 ian, that he be and appear at the next
 court of pleas and quarter sessions to be
 held for the county of Rowan at the court
 House in Salisbury on the 3d Monday in
 August next, and plead answer or demur,
 or the same will be taken pro confesso
 and heard ex parte. Witness Jno. Giles
 clerk of our said court at office the 3d
 Monday in May 1831. 680
JNO. GILES, c. c.

State of North Carolina,

ROWAN COUNTY.
 May Session, 1831.

WAGGONERS,
Driving to Fayetteville,
WILL find it to their advantage, to stop at
 the **Wayen Ford**, where every con-
 venience is provided for Man and Horse, to cross
 them comfortably, at the moderate charge of 3
 cents a day and night, for the privilege of the
 Ford, the use of a good house, fire, water, and
 shelter. Attached to the Ford, are a Grocery
 and Provision Store, Bread Shop and Confection-
 ary, and a House for Boarders and Lodgers,
 in a plain, cheap, wholesome and comfortable
 style. — Fayetteville, April, 1st 1831. 11

Notice.

A few reams of writing paper for sale at the
 Office, at \$3 50 per ream, a few reams at
 \$2, and a few reams of wrapping, at the usual
 price. 47

BLANK DEEDS.

Every description, neatly Printed, and
 kept constantly for sale at this office.

Negroes Wanted!

THE subscriber is desirous to pur-
 chase **ONE HUNDRED** negroes
 both male and female from thirteen
 to twenty years of age, for
 whom they will pay the **CASH**.
JAMES I. LONG,
RICH D. W. LONG,
THOS. MUEL, Jr.
 May 23d 1831. 6m199
 N. B. Application can be made to the
 firm in person or by letter addressed to
JAMES I. LONG & Co. SALISBURY N.
C., which will be promptly attended to.

Horace H. Beard, TAILOR.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends
 and the public, that he continues to
 carry on the above business, in all its va-
 rious branches, with the usual neat-
 ness and punctuality in executing it. He
 has received the London and Philadel-
 phia, Spring and Summer Fashions from
 his correspondents in Philadelphia who
 authorized him to teach his much es-
 teemed system of Cutting for \$35, which
 can be had from the subscriber on appli-
 cation.
 P. S. Orders from a distance will
 meet with prompt attention. Country
 produce of every description will be taken
 for work at the market prices.
 N. B. H. H. B. returns his sincere
 thanks to his friends and customers for
 past patronage, and hopes by unremitting
 attention to business to merit a continu-
 ance of the same. 71if
 Salisbury, May 14th, 1831.

To the Public.

THE subscriber having
 purchased the house
 and lot in the Town of
 Wadesboro' recently owned by Mr.
 Asa Hubbard Junr, has opened the
 same under the superintendence and
 control of **Mr. Thomas Waddle Junr.**
 for the accommodation of travellers
 and boarders. He solicits Public Pa-
 tronage and will endeavour to give
 general satisfaction. 75if
JAMES H. MARTIN.
 Anson County, June 2d 1831

Wilkesboro' Academy.

THE examination of the Students in this
 situation will take place on the 28th inst.
 and the exercises will be resumed again
 on the 12th of July, under the superintendence
 of Mr. Richard K. Hill. Parents, Guardians,
 and all others concerned, are respectfully invited
 to attend. 479
 Wilkesboro' June 8th, 1831.

Statesville.

TAKEN up and committed to Jail on
 the 14th inst. a negro boy, who says
 his name is **ISAAC**, about five feet three
 or four inches high, and says he be-
 longs to John Armstrong living in York
 district South Carolina. Also, on the 17th
 inst. a negro boy who says his name is
RALEIGH and says he belongs to An-
 thony Miller, living in York district South
 Carolina. Owners are requested to come
 forward and prove property pay charges
 and take them away or they will be dealt
 with as the law directs.
JOHN WOOD, Jailor.
 June 20th, 1831. 77 if

State of North Carolina,

SURRY COUNTY.
 May term, 1831.

HARRISON M. WAUGH vs Wm. W.
 Sheppard: Original attachment.
 It appearing to the satisfaction of the
 Court that the defendant in this case is
 not an inhabitant of the State. Upon mo-
 tion, it is ordered by the Court that pub-
 lication be made in the Western Carolin-
 ian for six weeks, that the defendant ap-
 pear at the next Court of Pleas and Quar-
 ter Sessions to be held for the county of
 Surry at the Court House in Rockford
 on the second Monday of August next,
 then and there to plead or reply, or the
 same will be taken pro confesso and
 heard ex parte. 683
JNO WRIGHT c. c.
 By F. K. ARMSTRONG, c. c.

WAGGONERS,

Driving to Fayetteville,
WILL find it to their advantage, to stop at
 the **Wayen Ford**, where every con-
 venience is provided for Man and Horse, to cross
 them comfortably, at the moderate charge of 3
 cents a day and night, for the privilege of the
 Ford, the use of a good house, fire, water, and
 shelter. Attached to the Ford, are a Grocery
 and Provision Store, Bread Shop and Confection-
 ary, and a House for Boarders and Lodgers,
 in a plain, cheap, wholesome and comfortable
 style. — Fayetteville, April, 1st 1831. 11

Notice.

A few reams of writing paper for sale at the
 Office, at \$3 50 per ream, a few reams at
 \$2, and a few reams of wrapping, at the usual
 price. 47

BLANK DEEDS.

Every description, neatly Printed, and
 kept constantly for sale at this office.